# **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

PDP32-002-A NEMA/IP Duct Mount Low DP Transmitter w/ pickup tube 0-0.10/0.25/0.50/1.00/2.00" W.C. and 0-.025/.062/.125/.250/.500 kPa



### **IMPORTANT WARNINGS**

- Only qualified trade installers should install this product
- This product is not intended for life-safety applications
- Do not install in hazardous or classified locations
- The installer is responsible for all applicable codes
- De-energize power supply prior to installation or service

# DIMENSIONS



#### PRODUCT APPLICATION LIMITATION:

Senva products are not designed for life or safety applications. Senva products are not intended for use in critical applications such as nuclear facilities, human implantable device or life support. Senva is not liable, in whole or in part, for any claims or damages arising from such uses.

# INSTALLATION

1. Drill hole in duct just large enough to accomodate built-in pickup tube. Screw mount sensor directly to duct using self-tapping screws provided.

NOTE: This model is NOT position sensitive, and may be installed in any convenient orientation

2. Set jumper for UNI (+) or BI (+/-) operation. In UNI mode, output will be scaled from 0 to full-scale selected range. In BI mode, output will be scaled from minus(-) full-scale to plus(+) full-scale selected range. (e.g. -0.5 to +0.5"W.C.)

3. If voltage output is to be used, set jumper for 5V or 10V output operation.

NOTE: Voltage (5v/10v) and Current (4-20mA) outputs are both provided. No jumper or setting is required to select between these outputs.

4. Wire sensor for voltage or current output as shown:



(PWR and GND required for both Vdc and mA operation)

5. Hold button for 2 seconds to enter range selection menu (SET will appear on LCD). Tap button to change between ranges. Hold button for 2 seconds once desired range is displayed on LCD.

6. Plumb air line to sensor LO (-) hose barb. Use 1/4" i.d. tubing or larger.

7. Sensor is ready for use. No zero adjustment or calibration is necessary.

# **IMPORTANT!**

Forming a "drip-loop" (allowing tubing to dip below the level of the sensor hose barbs) is recommended to protect the sensor from damage caused by condensation.

Do NOT blow into the sensor to test. Condensation from breath can cause permanent damage.

Use 1/4" i.d. or larger tubing.



# **SPECIFICATIONS**

| Power supply          |                                | 12-30vdc/24vac <sup>(1)</sup> , 30mA max.<br>15-30vdc/24vac required for 10v f.s. output  |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Outputs               | dual 3-wire transmitters       | 3-wire 0-5v/10v and 4-20mA  |
| Output scaling        | PDP32-002-A, selectable ranges | 0-2" (0.10/0.25/0.50/1.00/2.00"W.C.)<br>0-0.500 kPa (.025/.062/.125/.250/.500 kPa)<br>uni or bi-directional (jumper selectable) |
| Operating Temperature | Operating range                | 32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C)   |
| Media Compatibility   |                                | Dry, oil-free air. Nitrogen.  |
| Sensor Type           |                                | Silicon Ceramic Diaphragm   |
| Sensor Performance    | Position Effects               | None. Position insensitive  |
|                       | Zero Drift                     | None  |
|                       | Accuracy                       | +/-0.25% of full scale BFSL   |
|                       | Total Band Error               | +/-2.5% of full scale   |
|                       | Maximum Working Pressure       | 135″W.C.  |
|                       | Maximum Over Pressure          | 270″W.C.  |
|                       | Burst Pressure                 | 415″W.C.  |
|                       | Maximum Common Mode Pressure   | 1400″W.C.   |
| Enclosure             | PDP32                          | IP65 polystyrene with integral gasket.<br>Built-in static pressure pickup tube  |

(1) One side of transformer secondary is connected to signal common. Dedicated transformer is recommended.



**Filter Status** 

**Duct Static** 

## **TROUBLESHOOTING**

| Symptom  | Solution   |
|--|--|
| No output  | Check wiring. Ensure power supply meets requirements.  |
| Device is not zeroed with<br>no pressure applied | Hold the range selector button for 10<br>seconds to erase factory settings. Then<br>hold button for 10 seconds to re-zero. |
|  | Verify control panel software is config-<br>ured for correct output scaling.   |
|  | Verify switch and jumper settings.   |
| Pressure reading error                           | Verify tubing is not pinched or leaking.   |
|  | Possible contamination. Ensure sensor is used only on dry air or nitrogen.   |
|  | Use 1/4" i.d. or larger tubing.  |

tubing to the HI(+) and LO(-) pressure ports of the sensor. Set sensor to UNI mode. Duct Static: Install a static pressure pickup tube approximately 2/3 of the way down the

discharge air duct and plumb to HI(+) port for positively pressurized ducts. Set sensor to UNI mode. (Higher pressure models available.)

Building Static: Plumb HI(+) port to inside and LO(-) port to outside. Set sensor to BI mode to monitor positive and negative building pressure. Be sure to protect outside air sampling pickup or fitting from ingress of mostuire or other contaminants.

Room Pressure: Plumb HI(+) port to room and LO(-) port to ambient (outside of room). Set sensor to BI mode to monitor positive and negative room pressure.

<u>Velocity</u>: Use a pitot tube and plumb HI(+) port to total pressure (Pt) connection and LO(-) port to static pressure (Ps) connection to directly read Pt-Ps = Pv. Apply correction constant provided by pitot tube manufacturer.

# CALIBRATION

Senva PDP sensors are factory calibrated. No field calibration is necessary or recommended.